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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/459,522	12/13/1999	CHET M. CRUMP	041861-01500	1246	
23556 7	7590 03/09/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
KIMBERLY-CLARK WORLDWIDE, INC. 401 NORTH LAKE STREET			EREZO, D	EREZO, DARWIN P	
NEENAH, W			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3761	28	
DATE MAILED		DATE MAILED: 03/09/200-	4		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
₹		09/459,522	CRUMP ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Darwin P. Erezo	3761			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 O	<u>ctober 2003</u> .				
2a)	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) 🗌						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims	•				
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) <u>18</u> is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-17 and 19-25</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
		diffilier. Note the attached Cinice	Addition of format 10 102.			
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)(Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document: application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati nty documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	, ,			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-17 and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5,343,857 to Schneider et al.
- 3. As to claims 1-10, 15-17 and 19-21, Schneider teaches an apparatus comprising a catheter 23; a manifold 10; and a valve 20,19 disposed in the manifold, the valve being configured to selectively limit the withdrawal of air form the ventilation circuit, wherein the valve is <u>capable</u> of being directly opened by the catheter (by advancing the catheter 23 without attaching 35 to the manifold); wherein the valve comprises at least one protrusion (tip of valve 20,19) on at least one surface of the valve and wherein the valve is a flap; wherein the valve moves between a first, distal position (see Fig. 4), and a second, proximal position (see Fig. 2); wherein the flap is configured such that at least one protrusion on a proximal surface of the flap engages the catheter; wherein the apparatus further comprises a catch 19 to engage the flap as is drawn into the second, proximal position, and to retain the flap in the second position (member 19 engages flap 20, as seen in Fig. 2, and retains flap 20 in the closed, second position); wherein the flap 20 is pivotably connected to the manifold; wherein the flap is generally disk-shaped

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because the valve is located within port 15, which is circular; wherein the valve has an open position (as seen in Fig. 4) and a closed position (as seen in Fig. 2) wherein friction maintains the valve in the closed position; wherein the valve has an aperture (as seen in Figure 4, where the catheter 23 passes through) and the flap disposed to selectively cover the aperture; wherein the apparatus has a collar 33 disposed in the manifold having an aperture; wherein the collar including a port 33 for injecting liquid; wherein the apparatus further comprises a suction catheter 23 having distal end; a protective sleeve 22 surrounding the catheter, a manifold 10,11 connected to the protective sleeve and having means for accommodating inspiration and expiration of respiratory gases 13,14; and a valve 16 connected to the manifold and pivotally moveable with respect thereto for engaging the distal end of the catheter to minimize the amount of air being drawn thereinto responsive to suction through the catheter wherein the valve comprises a flap 20 and wherein the valve further comprises at least one protrusion (see attached figure) on a surface of the valve; wherein the valve comprising a pivotable flap 20; wherein the wherein teaches a valve comprising an aperture (as seen in Figure 4, where the catheter 23 passes through); wherein the apparatus further comprises a locking member 19 disposed in communication with the flap 20 for selectively preventing movement of the flap (as seen in Fig. 2, member 19 engages flap 20 and prevents further movement inwardly) and wherein the locking member comprises a projection extending inwardly; and wherein the locking member comprises a force-fit coupling between the flap and the catheter.

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As to claims 11-14. Schneider teaches an endotracheal catheter system 4. comprising a catheter 23 having a distal end; a ventilator manifold 10 disposed in communication with the catheter such that the catheter may be advanced through the manifold into the respiratory system of the patient and withdrawn from the respiratory system of the patient through the manifold; and a valve 16 for at least partially occluding the distal end of the catheter (see Fig. 4), the valve being configured to frictionally engage the distal end and thereby occlude the distal end; and wherein the valve is capable of being directly opened by the catheter (by advancing the catheter 23 without attaching 35 to the manifold); wherein the valve comprises a flap 20 and wherein the valve further comprises at least one protrusion (see attached Figure) on at least one surface of the valve; wherein the flap 20 is configured to engage the distal end of the catheter via the protrusion (see Fig. 4); wherein the system further comprises a first wiper seal 24 and a second wiper seal 27 disposed about the catheter when the catheter is advanced in the manifold; wherein the catheter is retractable so that the distal end of the catheter is disposed proximally form the first wiper seal and distally from the second wiper seal.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claims 22-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider et al in view of US 6,168,758 to Forsberg et al.

7. As to claims 22-25, Schneider fails to specifically teach the type of material the valve is constructed of. Forsberg et al. discloses a liquid assay device comprising a valve composed of polyether block amides (col. 6, lines 38-49). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use any well known material, including the polyether block amides of Forsberg et al. or the recited limitations of the claims, because it is a mere substitution of one valve material for another. Also, it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of choice. Sinclair & Carroll Co. V. Interchemical Corp., 327, 65 USPQ 297 (1945) also note In re Leshin, 227 F.2d 197, 125 USPQ 416 (CCPA 1960).

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claim 18 is allowed over the prior art of record.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 10/24/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Upon further reviewing the Schneider et al. reference, it should be noted that Schneider teaches a valve capable of being directly opened by the catheter 23 if the catheter is advanced through adaptor 35 without attaching the adaptor to the manifold 10.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Darwin P. Erezo whose telephone number is (703) 605-0420. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Milano can be reached on (703)308-2496. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

dpe

GLENN K. DAWSON PRIMARY EXAMINER Page 6